



## Twin Falls South Side Return Flows and Milner to King Hill Reach Gains

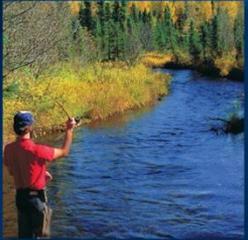
Presented by Jennifer Sukow, P.E., P.G.

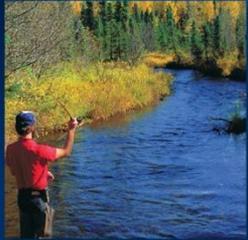
May 23, 2011



## Acknowledgements

- Michelle Richman, IDWR, Twin Falls
- Sudhir Goyal, IDWR, State Office

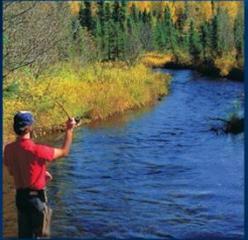




## Irrigation Return Flows, Milner to Kimberly

- Return flows from SRPM used in prior calculations of the south side contribution were based on historic planning model lag factors
- IDWR is currently updating SRPM lag factors to reflect return flow data collected by IDWR and ARS in recent years
- IDWR began measuring 10 return flow sites on the south side and 8 return flow sites on the north side in 2002
- ARS measurements of 5 additional south side return sites are available beginning in June 2005
- IDWR added four return flow sites on the north side in 2008 (approx. 9% of measured returns)

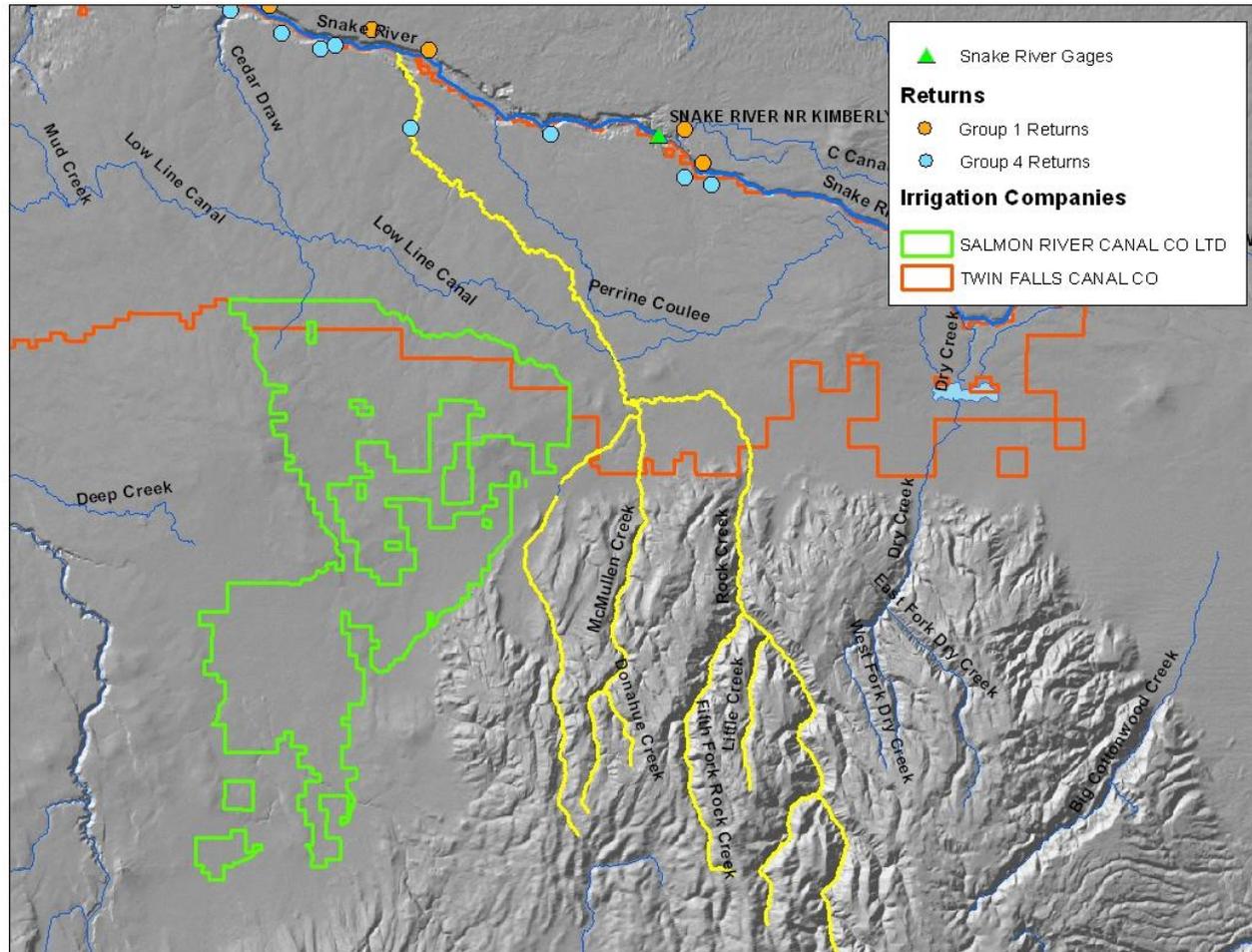


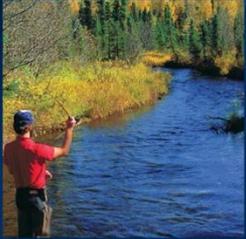


## Southside Return Flows

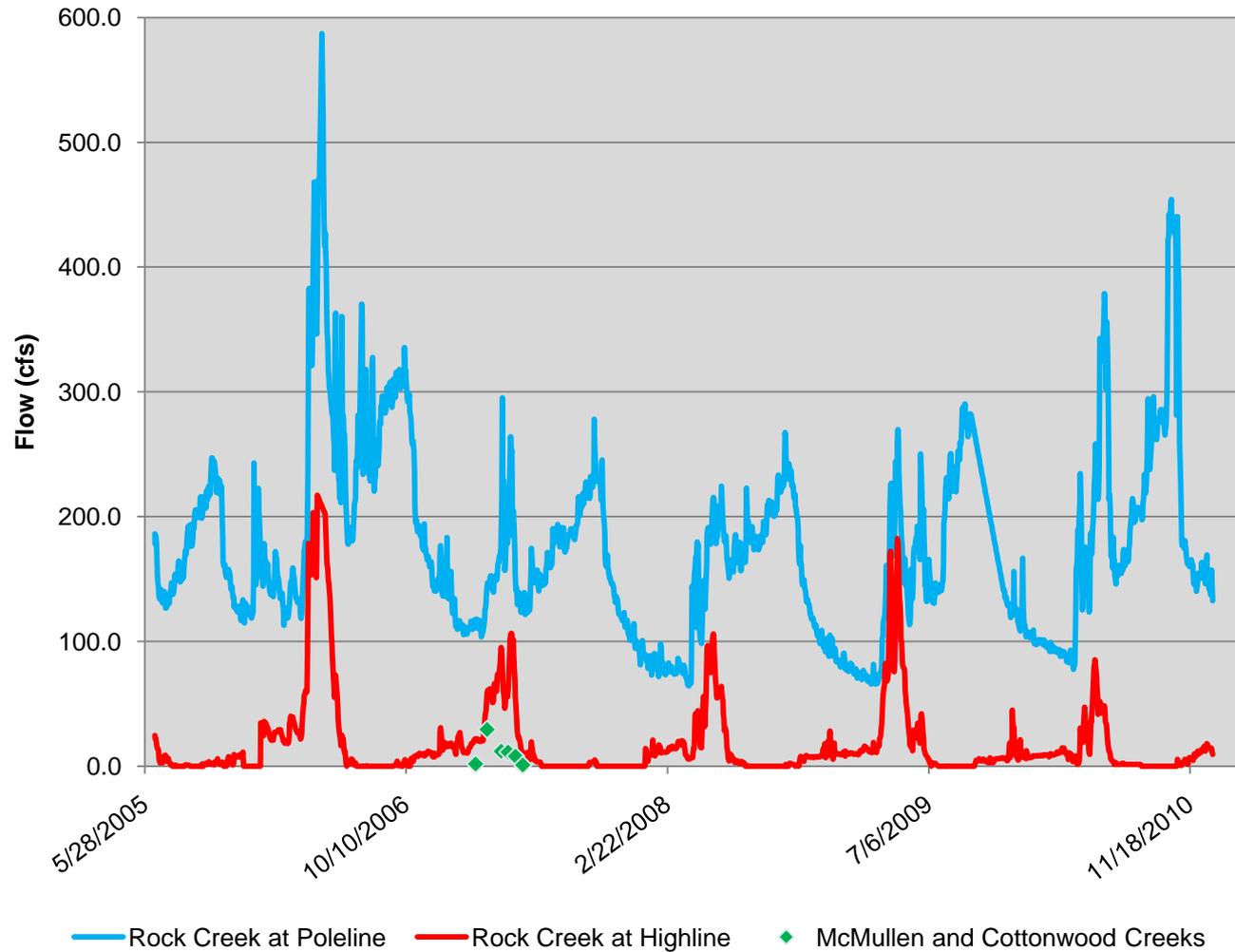
- The five ARS sites added in 2005 are a significant portion of south side returns.
  - Rock Creek (25%)
  - Deep Creek (19%)
  - L10 Power (9%)
  - S2 (1%)
  - North Coulee (1%)
- Returns measured in 2002-2004 are only approximately 45% of returns.

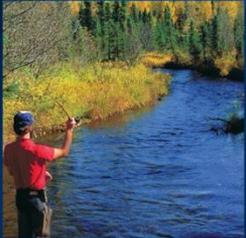
## Rock Creek



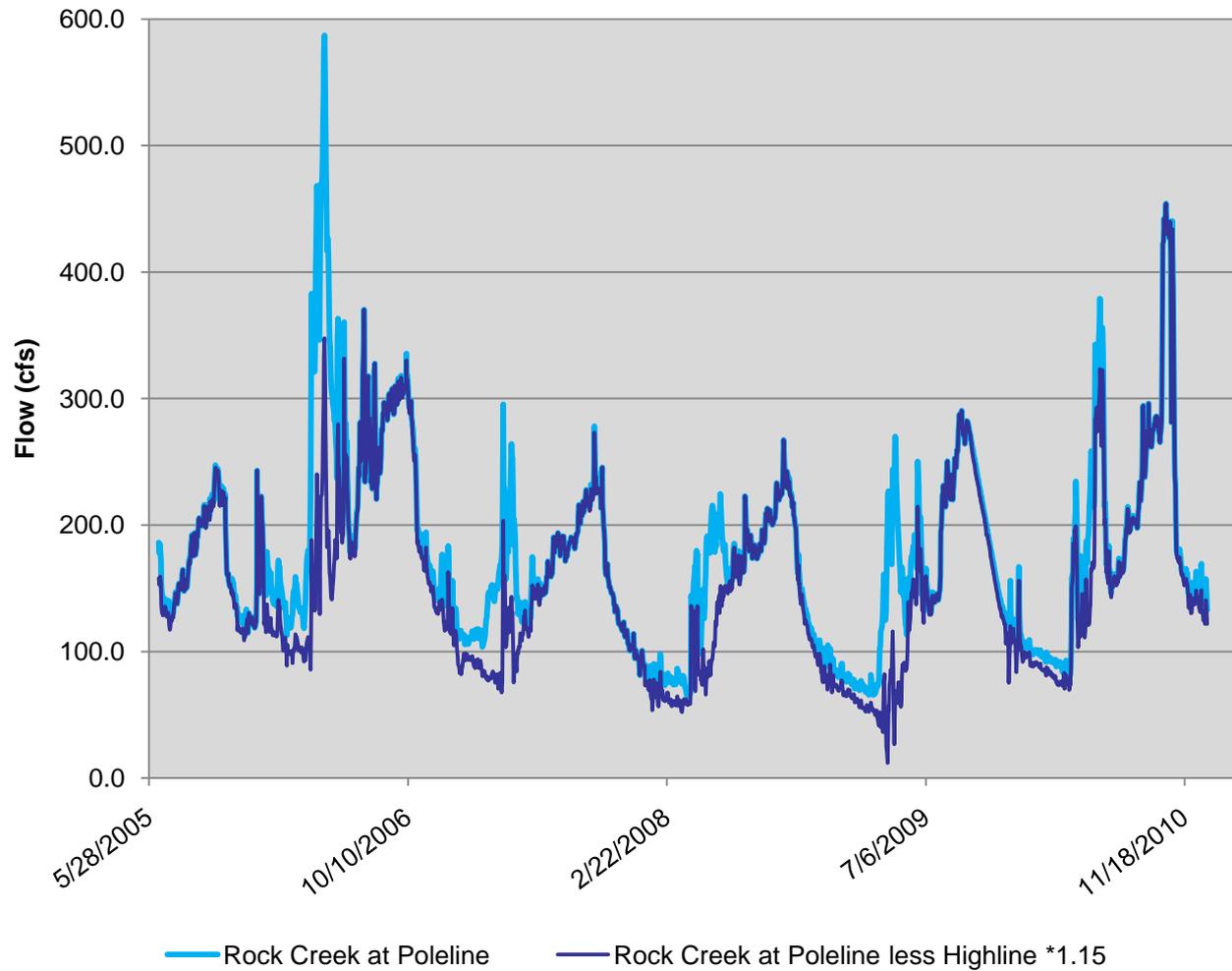


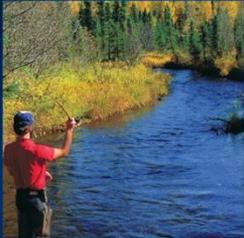
## Rock Creek



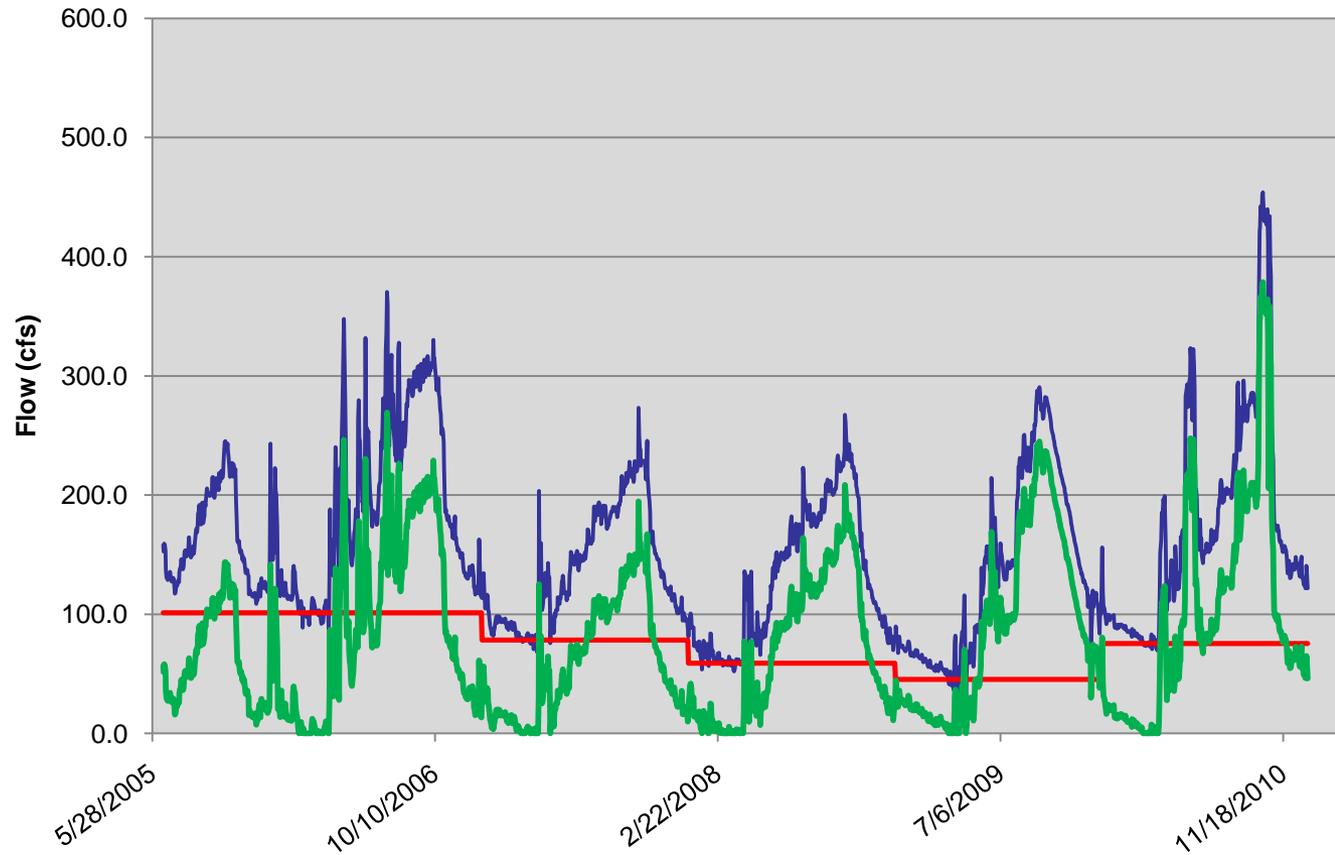


## Rock Creek



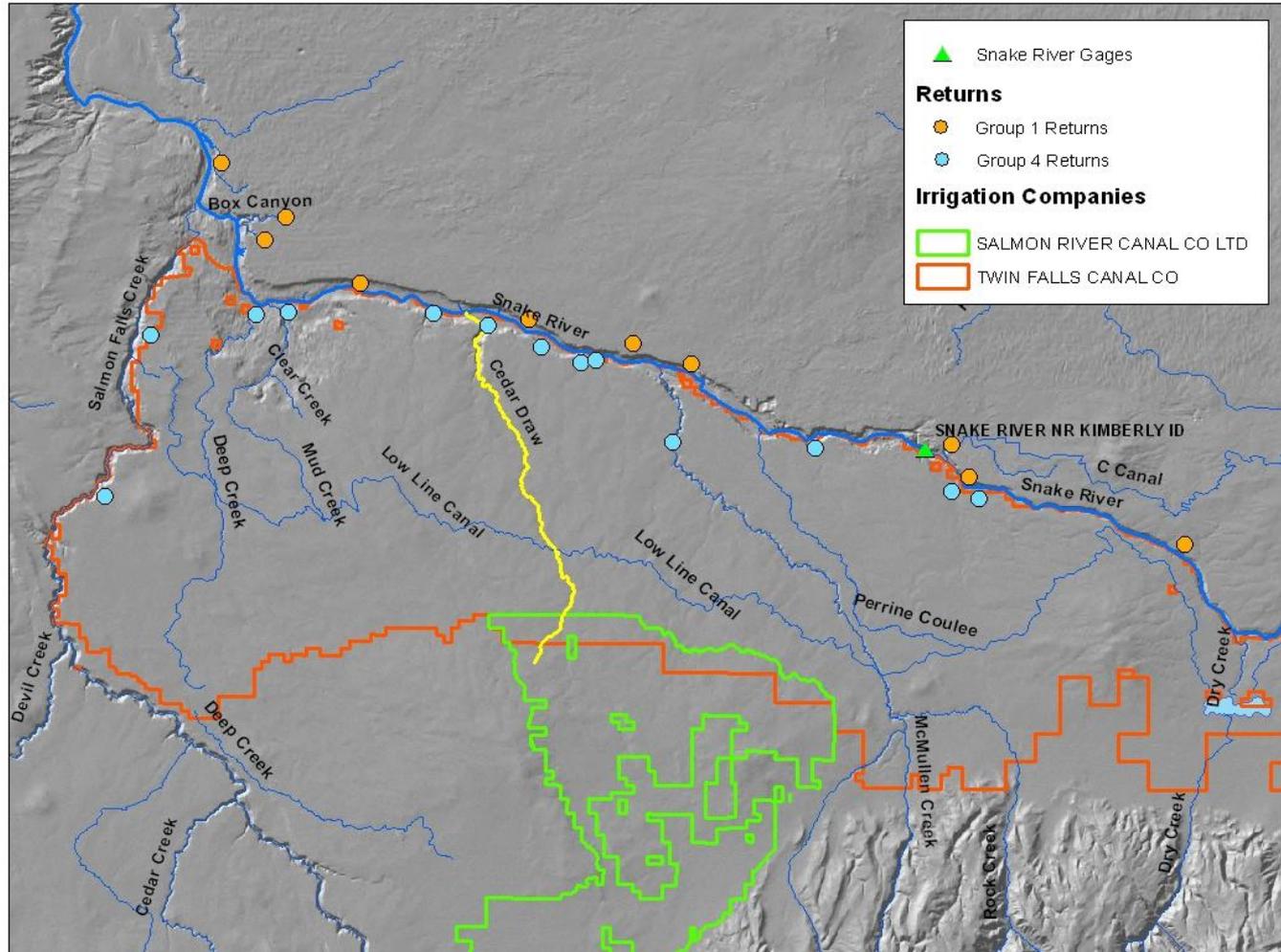


## Rock Creek

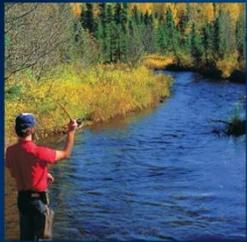
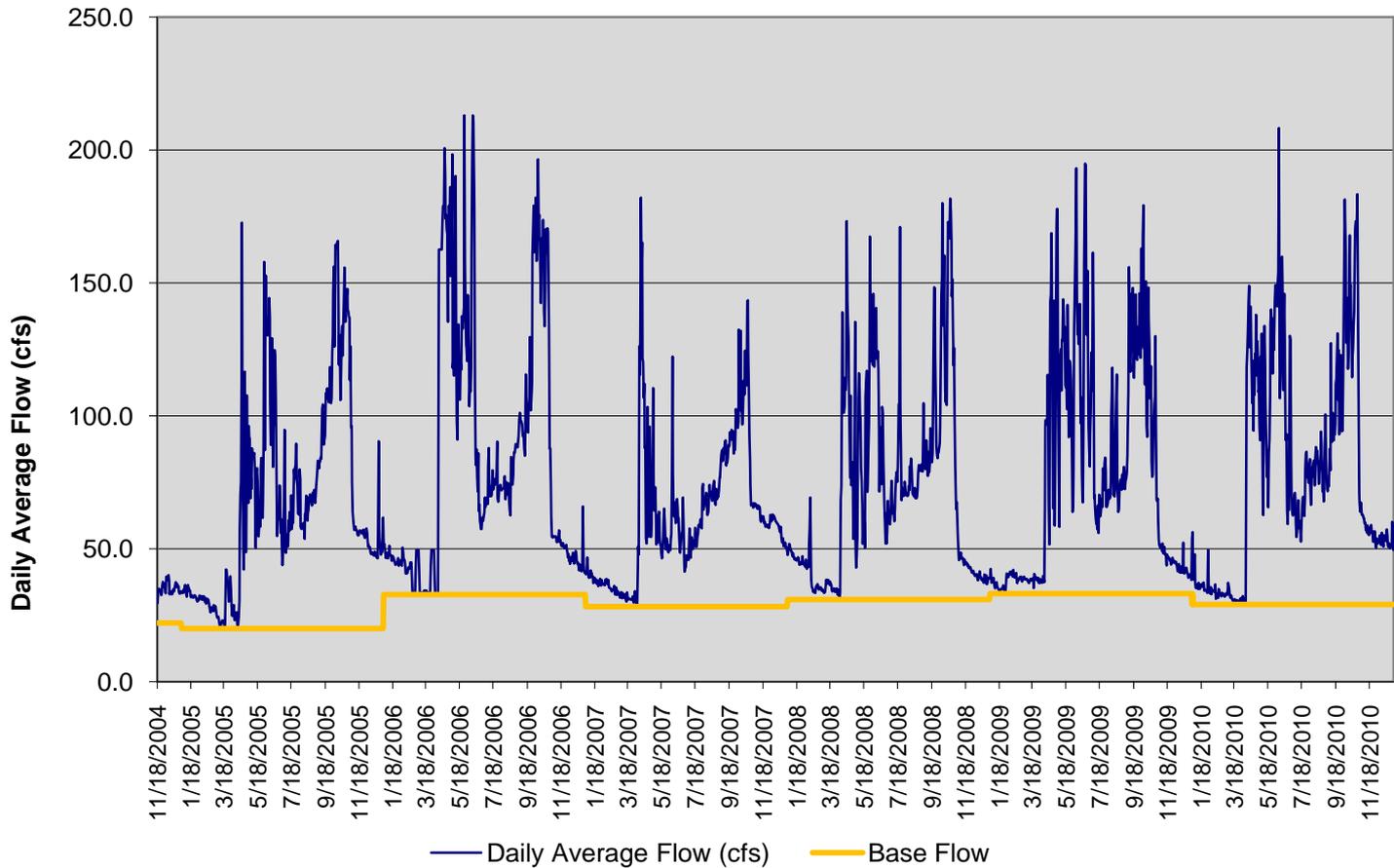


— Rock Creek at Poleline less Highline \* 1.15 — Base Flow from 30-day avg (cfs)  
— Irrigation return flow

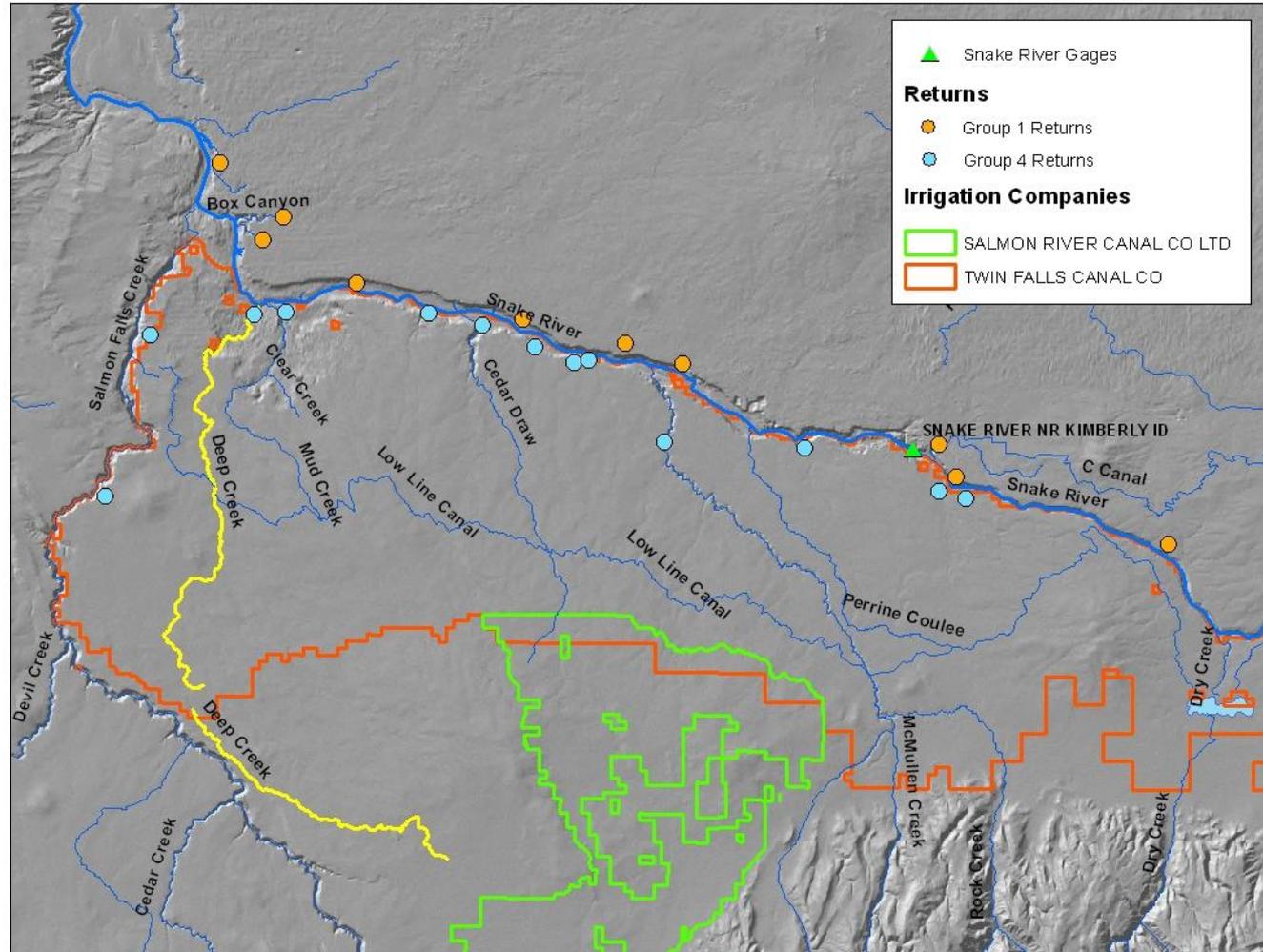
# Other Perennial Drainages - Cedar Draw

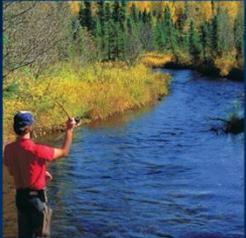


## Cedar Draw



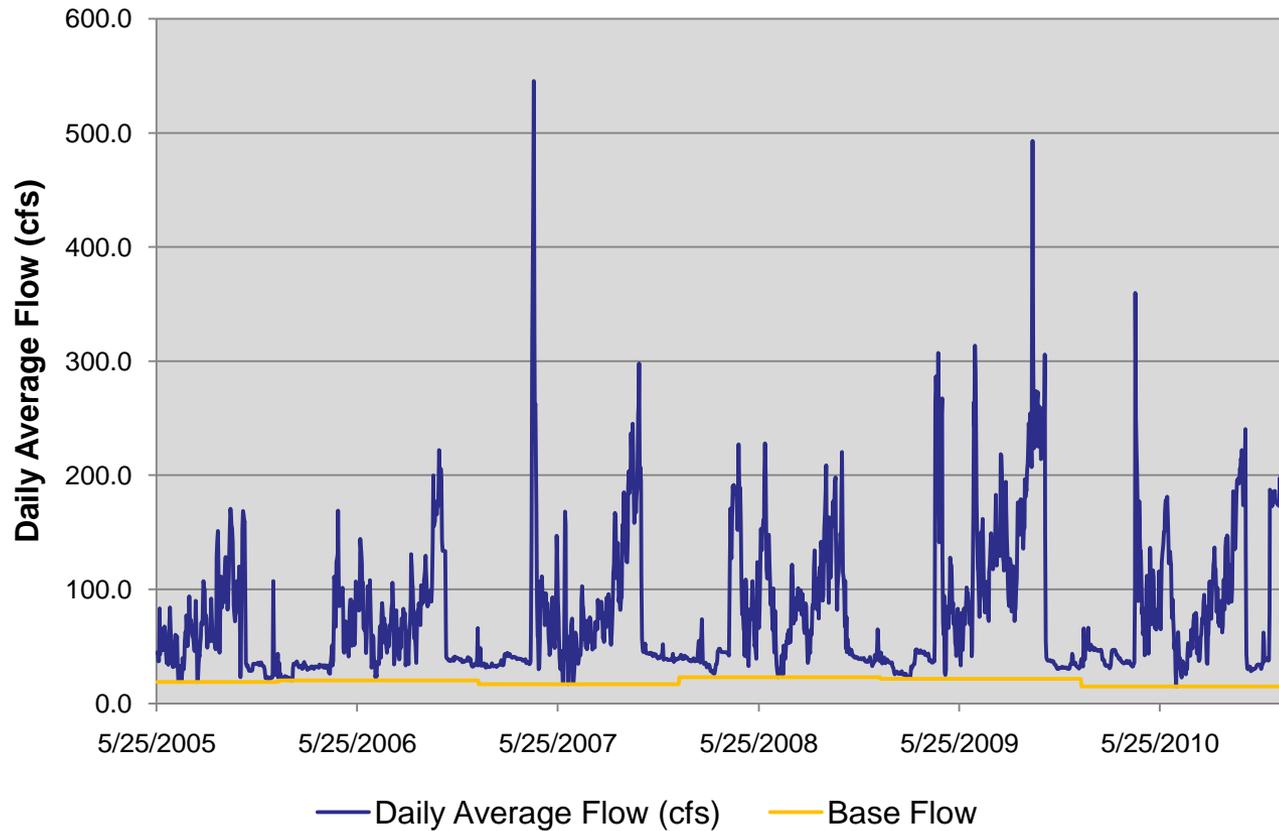
# Other Perennial Drainages – Deep Creek

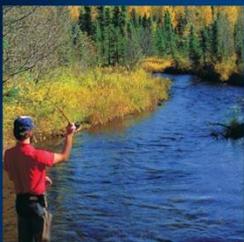




## Deep Creek

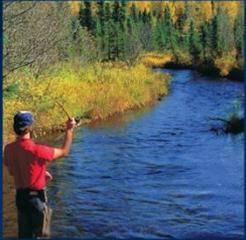
### Deep Creek





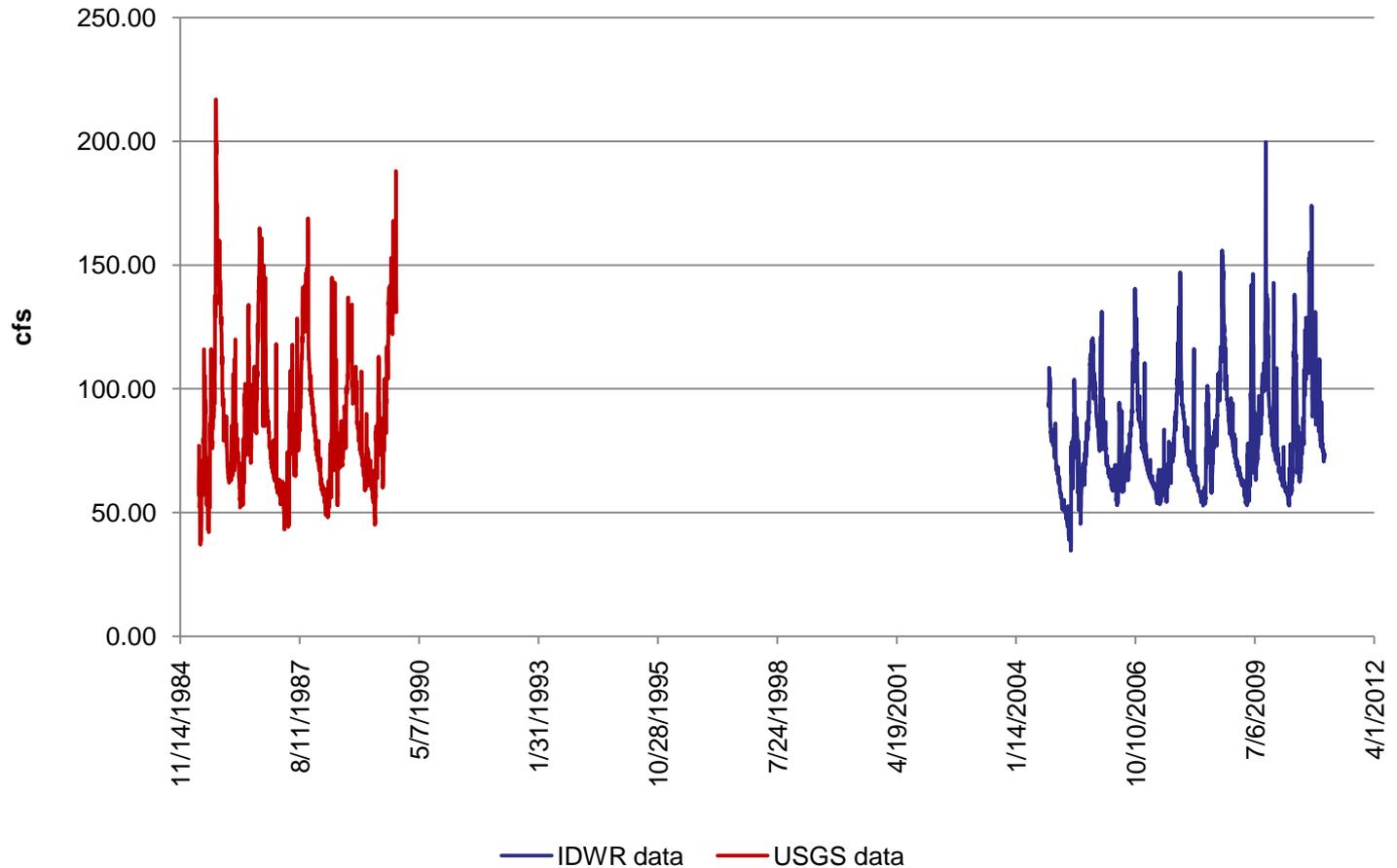
## Updates to Return Flow Lag Factors (Milner to King Hill)

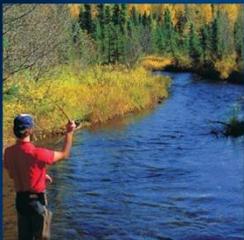
- Northside returns
  - 1980-1987: 11.0% of diversions
  - 1988-2001: 4.6%
  - 2002: 3.4% or 3.7%
  - 2003: 3.3% or 3.6%
  - 2004: 2.8% or 3.1%
  - 2005: 2.3% or 2.5%
  - 2006: 4.0% or 4.4%
  - 2007: 2.9% or 3.2%
  - 2008: 3.2%
  - 2009: 4.1%
- 2002-2007 could be scaled up by 9% based on new drains included in 2008-2009 data
- Southside returns
  - 1980-1987: 11.0% of diversions
  - 1988-2001: 9.2%
  - 2002: 21%
  - 2003: 20%
  - 2004: 21%
  - 2005: 18.3%
  - 2006: 22.1%
  - 2007: 16.5%
  - 2008: 18.9%
  - 2009: 23.6%
- 2002-2004 are scaled up based on new drains included in 2005-2009 data



## USGS Measurements (1985-1990)

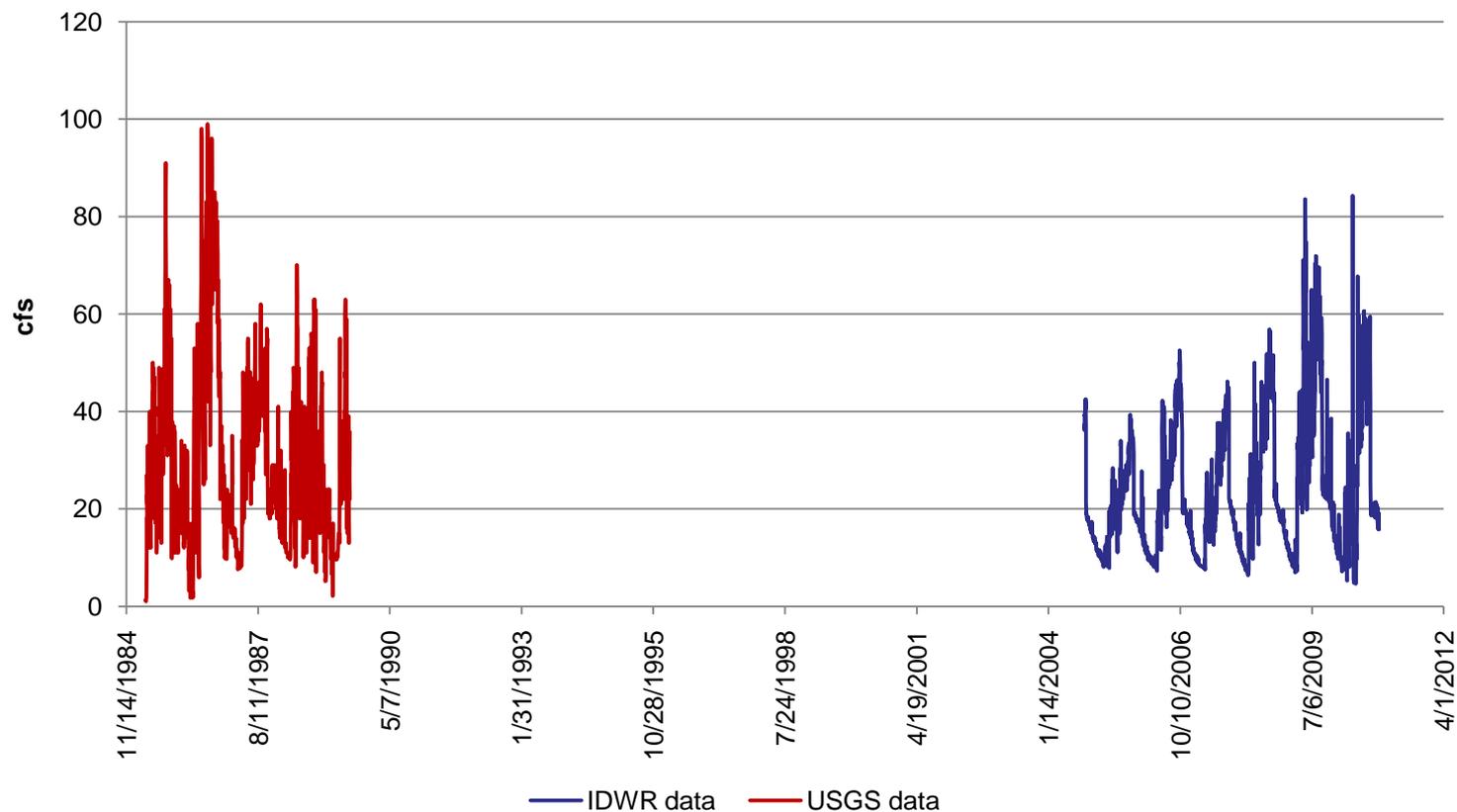
### Mud Creek

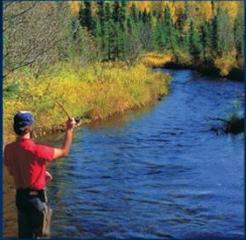




## USGS Measurements (1985-1990)

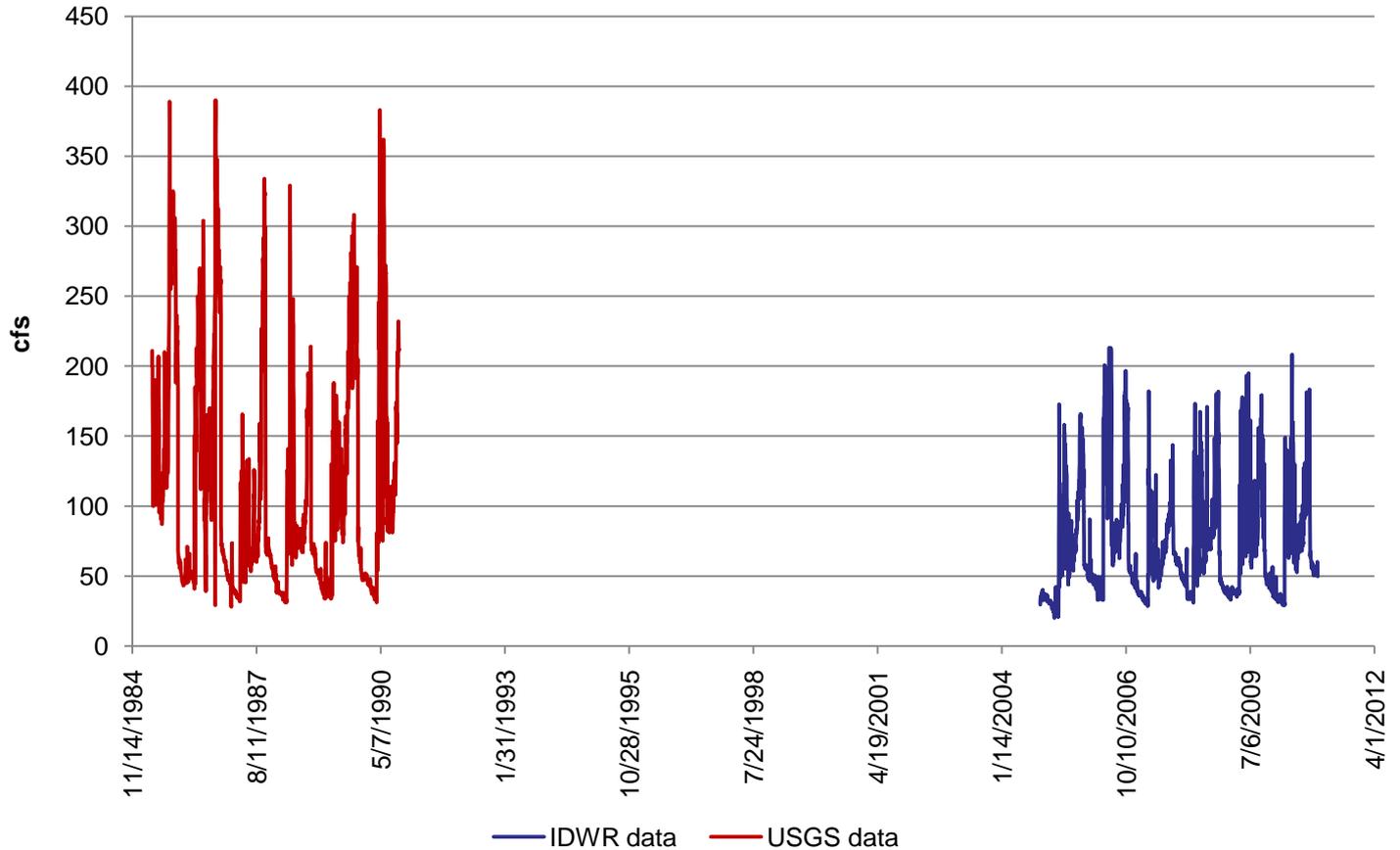
### East Perrine

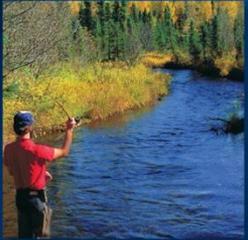




## USGS Measurements (1985-1990)

### Cedar Draw





## Calculation of South Side Contribution to Reach Gains, Milner to King Hill

- Snake River Reach Gain = Gage difference + diversions – return flows – surface runoff component of tributary streamflow
- South Side GW Contribution = TFCC diversions – TFCC return flows + eff. precip. – ET + Salmon Falls Creek tributary underflow
- Southside tributary streamflow is deducted from reach gain target as either a return flow or south side GW contribution
- Changes to the ESPAM2 reach gain targets (Kimberly to Lower Salmon Falls and Lower Salmon Falls to King Hill) are not expected to be significant



## Questions for Committee

Should we scale up the 2002-2007 northside return flow fraction based on new returns added in 2008?

Should we change 1980-2001 southside return flow fraction based on post-2005 data?

Other comments or questions?